Cramer's Rules – a rule using determinants to express the solution of a system of linear algebraic equations for which the number of equations is equal to the number of variables.

For example: To solve x and y from
$$ax + by = e$$
; $cx + dy = f$; $x = \begin{vmatrix} e & f \\ b & d \end{vmatrix}$; $y = \begin{vmatrix} e & f \\ a & c \end{vmatrix}$, $c = \begin{vmatrix} e & f \\ a & c \end{vmatrix}$, $c = \begin{vmatrix} e & f \\ a & c \end{vmatrix}$,

where
$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix} = ad - bc$$
.