Graphing Linear Inequalities

Example	Graph
<i>y</i> ≤ <i>x</i> + 2	y y 2 1 1 2 8 x
<i>y</i> > - <i>x</i> − 1	2 y

The graph of the solution of a linear inequality is a half-plane bounded by the graph of its related linear equation. Points on the boundary are included unless the inequality contains only < or >.