

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 1

*Differentiate these for fun, or practice, whichever you need. The given answers are not simplified.*

$$1. \ f(x) = 4x^5 - 5x^4$$

$$2. \ f(x) = e^x \sin x$$

$$3. \ f(x) = (x^4 + 3x)^{-1}$$

$$4. \ f(x) = 3x^2(x^3 + 1)^7$$

$$5. \ f(x) = \cos^4 x - 2x^2$$

$$6. \ f(x) = \frac{x}{1+x^2}$$

$$7. \ f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x}$$

$$8. \ f(x) = (3x^2)(x^{\frac{1}{2}})$$

$$9. \ f(x) = \ln(xe^{7x})$$

$$10. \ f(x) = \frac{2x^4 + 3x^2 - 1}{x^2}$$

$$11. \ f(x) = (x^3)\sqrt[5]{2-x}$$

$$12. \ f(x) = 2x - \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$13. \ f(x) = \frac{4(3x-1)^2}{x^2+7^x}$$

$$14. \ f(x) = \sqrt{x^2+8}$$

$$15. \ f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-(\ln x)^2}}$$

$$16. \ f(x) = \frac{6}{(3x^2-\pi)^4}$$

$$17. \ f(x) = \frac{(3x^2-\pi x)^4}{6}$$

$$18. \ f(x) = \frac{x}{(x^2+\sqrt{3x})^5}$$

$$19. \ f(x) = (xe^x)^\pi$$

$$20. \ f(x) = [\arctan(2x)]^{10}$$

$$21. \ f(x) = (e^{2x} + e)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$22. \ f(x) = (x^6 + 1)^5(4x + 7)^3$$

$$23. \ f(x) = (7x + \sqrt{x^2+3})^6$$

$$24. \ f(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}}{x-1}$$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 1

## Answers

Absolutely not simplified ... you should simplify more.

1.  $f'(x) = 20x^4 - 20x^3$

2.  $f'(x) = e^x \cos x + (\sin x)e^x$

3.  $f'(x) = -1(x^4 + 3x)^{-2}(4x^3 + 3)$

4.  $f'(x) = 3x^2 \cdot 7(x^3 + 1)^6(3x^2) + (x^3 + 1)^7 \cdot 6x$

5.  $f'(x) = 4(\cos x)^3(-\sin x) - 4x$

6.  $f'(x) = \frac{(1+x^2)(1)-x(2x)}{(1+x^2)^2}$

7.  $f'(x) = 1 + x^{-2}$  (*Simplify f first.*)

8.  $f'(x) = 3 \cdot \frac{5}{2} x^{\frac{3}{2}}$  (*Simplify f first.*)

9.  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 7$  (*Simplify f first.*)

10.  $f'(x) = 4x + 0 + 2x^{-3}$  (*Simplify f first.*)

11.  $f'(x) = x^3 \cdot \frac{1}{5}(2-x)^{-\frac{4}{5}}(-1) + (2-x)^{\frac{1}{5}}(3x^2)$

12.  $f'(x) = 2 + 2x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$

13.  $f'(x) = \frac{(x^2+7^x)[4 \cdot 2(3x-1)(3)] - 4(3x-1)^2(2x+7^x \ln 7)}{(x^2+7^x)^2}$

14.  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x^2+8)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(2x)$

15.  $f'(x) = \frac{(1-(\ln x)^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}(1) - x \cdot \frac{1}{2}(1-(\ln x)^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(-2(\ln x) \cdot \frac{1}{x})}{1-(\ln x)^2}$

16.  $f'(x) = -24(3x^2-\pi)^{-5}(6x)$

17.  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{6}[4(3x^2-\pi x)^3(6x-\pi)]$

18.  $f'(x) = \frac{(x^2+\sqrt{3x})^5(1) - x[5(x^2+\sqrt{3x})^4(2x+\frac{1}{2}(3x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 3)]}{(x^2+\sqrt{3x})^{10}}$

19.  $f'(x) = \pi(xe^x)^{(\pi-1)}[xe^x + e^x]$

20.  $f'(x) = 10[\arctan(2x)]^9 \cdot \frac{1}{1+(2x)^2} \cdot 2$

21.  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(e^{2x}+e)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(e^{2x} \cdot 2 + 0)$

22.  $f'(x) = (x^6+1)^5[3(4x+7)^2(4)] + (4x+7)^3[5(x^6+1)^4(6x^5)]$

23.  $f'(x) = 6(7x+\sqrt{x^2+3})^5\left(7 + \frac{1}{2}(x^2+3)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2x\right)$

24.  $f'(x) = \frac{(x-1)(-x^{-2}-2x^{-3}) - (x^{-1}+x^{-2})(1)}{(x-1)^2}$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 1

*Differentiate these for fun, or practice, whichever you need. The given answers are not simplified.*

$$25. f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3}}$$

$$26. f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2x+5}{7x-9}}$$

$$27. f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$28. f(x) = e^x(x^2 + 3)(x^3 + 4)$$

$$29. f(x) = \frac{5x^2 - 7x}{x^2 + 2}$$

$$30. f(x) = [\ln(5x^2 + 9)]^3$$

$$31. f(x) = \ln(5x^2 + 9)^3$$

$$32. f(x) = \cot(6x)$$

$$33. f(x) = \sec^2 x \cdot \tan x$$

$$34. f(x) = \arcsin(2^x)$$

$$35. f(x) = \tan(\cos x)$$

$$36. f(x) = [(x^2 - 1)^5 - x]^3$$

$$37. f(x) = \sec x \cdot \sin(3x)$$

$$38. f(x) = \frac{(x-1)^3}{x(x+3)^4}$$

$$39. f(x) = \log_5(3x^2 + 4x)$$

In problems 40 – 42, find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ . Assume  $y$  is a differentiable function of  $x$ .

$$40. 3y = xe^{5y}$$

$$41. xy + y^2 + x^3 = 7$$

$$42. \frac{\sin y}{y^2 + 1} = 3x$$

If  $f$  and  $g$  are differentiable functions such that  $f(2) = 3$ ,  $f'(2) = -1$ ,  $f'(3) = 7$ ,  $g(2) = -5$  and  $g'(2) = 2$ , find the numbers indicated in problems 43 – 48.

$$43. (g - f)'(2)$$

$$44. (fg)'(2)$$

$$45. \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)'(2)$$

$$46. (5f + 3g)'(2)$$

$$47. (f \circ f)'(2)$$

$$48. \left(\frac{f}{f+g}\right)'(2)$$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 1

## Answers

Absolutely not simplified ... you should simplify more.

25.  $f'(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3}{2}x^{-\frac{5}{2}}$

26.  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2x+5}{7x-9} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left[ \frac{(7x-9)(2) - (2x+5)(7)}{(7x-9)^2} \right]$

27.  $f'(x) = \sec^2 x$

28.  $f'(x) = [e^x(x^2 + 3)](3x^2) + (x^3 + 4)[e^x(2x) + (x^2 + 3)e^x]$

29.  $f'(x) = \frac{(x^2 + 2)(10x - 7) - (5x^2 - 7x)(2x)}{(x^2 + 2)^2}$

30.  $f'(x) = 3[\ln(5x^2 + 9)]^2 \cdot \frac{1}{5x^2 + 9}(10x + 0)$

31.  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{(5x^2 + 9)^3} \cdot [3(5x^2 + 9)^2(10x + 0)]$

32.  $f'(x) = -\csc^2(6x) \cdot 6$

33.  $f'(x) = \sec^2 x(\sec^2 x) + \tan x[2 \cdot \sec x(\sec x \tan x)]$

34.  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (2^x)^2}} \cdot 2^x \ln 2$

35.  $f'(x) = (\sec^2(\cos x))(-\sin x)$

36.  $f'(x) = 3[(x^2 - 1)^5 - x]^2 (5(x^2 - 1)^4 \cdot 2x - 1)$

37.  $f'(x) = \sec x(\cos(3x) \cdot 3) + \sin(3x)(\sec x \tan x)$

38.  $f'(x) = \frac{x(x+3)^4[3(x-1)^2(1)] - (x-1)^3[x \cdot 4(x+3)^3(1) + (x+3)^4(1)]}{x^2(x+3)^8}$

39.  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{(3x^2 + 4x) \cdot \ln 5} \cdot (6x + 4)$

40.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^{5y}}{3 - 5xe^{5y}}$

41.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-3x^2 - y}{x + 2y}$

42.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3(y^2 + 1)^2}{(y^2 + 1)(\cos y) - 2y \sin y}$

43. 3

44. 11

45.  $\frac{-1}{25}$

46. 1

47. -7

48.  $\frac{-1}{4}$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 1

## Power, Product, and Quotient Rules Worksheet

Find the derivative of each function.

$$1. \ f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x - 2$$

$$2. \ g(x) = -4x^4 + 5x^3 - 2x + 3$$

$$3. \ f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} + 7\sqrt{x^3} - \frac{2}{x^2}$$

$$4. \ g(x) = 8\sqrt{x^5} - 7x^4 + \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$5. \ f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 7x - 18}{x + 9}$$

$$6. \ f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 5x - 24}{x - 8}$$

$$7. \ f(x) = \frac{x^{-3} + 7\sqrt{x^3} - 4x^2}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$8. \ h(x) = \frac{\frac{2}{x^3} + 5x^2 - 8\sqrt{x^7}}{-3\sqrt{x}}$$

$$9. \ s(x) = 2x^{-3} \sec(x)$$

$$10. \ f(x) = 3x^4 e^x$$

$$11. \ f(x) = -7x^3 e^x$$

$$12. \ f(x) = 5x^2 \cos(x)$$

$$13. \ h(x) = 2e^x \sqrt{x}$$

$$14. \ f(x) = 4x^4 - 5x^3 + 2x^2 e^x$$

$$15. \ f(x) = \frac{\tan(x)}{2x^2 + 1}$$

$$16. \ g(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{e^x + 5}$$

$$17. \ f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x + 3}$$

$$18. \ f(x) = \frac{2e^x}{x - 2e^x}$$

$$19. \ h(x) = \frac{2x^4 \cot(x)}{3x^2}$$

$$20. \ f(x) = \frac{\csc(x)}{-4xe^x}$$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 1

## Chain Rule Worksheet

Find the derivative of each function.

$$1. f(x) = (2x^2 - 5x)^3$$

$$2. f(x) = \sqrt{5x^3 - 2x}$$

$$3. y = 3\sin(x - 3)$$

$$4. y = -2\cos(x^2 + 2)$$

$$5. g(x) = \sin^2(3x^2)$$

$$6. h(x) = \sec^3(x^2 - 5)$$

$$7. f(x) = 3x^3 e^{2x-5}$$

$$8. g(x) = -5x^2 e^{x^2+3x}$$

$$9. y = 3x^2 \sqrt{4x^2 - 5x + 1}$$

$$10. h(t) = \frac{2}{3}t^3 \sqrt{3t^3 - 5t}$$

$$11. y = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^3 - 4x^2 + 1}}$$

$$12. g(t) = \frac{-3}{\sqrt[4]{2t^3 + 5t - 3}}$$

$$13. g(m) = \sin(\cos(m))$$

$$14. f(x) = \cos(\tan x)$$

$$15. h(x) = \sqrt{x^3 + 2}(x^2 - 1)^4$$

$$16. h(m) = \sqrt{m^2 + 1}(m^2 + 1)^3$$

$$17. f(t) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{t^2 + 2}{t^2 - 2}}$$

$$18. f(t) = \sqrt[4]{\frac{t^3 + 8}{t^3 - 8}}$$

$$19. h(x) = (2x + 5)^7(3x^4 - 8)^5$$

$$20. g(n) = (3n^2 - 2)(4n^3 + 1)$$

$$21. f(t) = \csc^2(t^3)$$

$$22. f(t) = \cot^4(2t^2)$$

$$23. h(x) = e^{\sqrt{2x^3 - x^2}}$$

$$24. f(x) = e^{\sqrt{4x^2 - 3x}}$$

$$25. h(x) = \frac{3x}{\sqrt[3]{5 + 2x^2}}$$

$$26. f(s) = \frac{2s^3}{\sqrt[4]{s^2 - 5s}}$$

$$27. f(x) = 5^{\sin x^3}$$

$$28. f(x) = 2^{e^{4x}}$$