

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

# Derivatives in Your Head!

Differentiate with respect to x:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1.	$x^3$	$4x^3$	$\frac{8x^2}{3}$	$x^{\frac{1}{2}}$	$3x^{\frac{1}{3}}$	$x^{q+2}$	$\sqrt{x}$
2.	$x^{10}$	$8x$	$\frac{-7x^2}{2}$	$x^{\frac{3}{4}}$	$4x^{\frac{3}{4}}$	$x^{3m}$	$\sqrt[5]{x}$
3.	$x^4$	$5x^4$	$\frac{5x^3}{4}$	$x^{\frac{2}{3}}$	$-6x^{\frac{2}{3}}$	$x^{p+q}$	$-\sqrt[7]{x^2}$
4.	$x^5$	$-3x^2$	$\frac{2x^5}{3}$	$x^{\frac{5}{4}}$	$-10x^{-\frac{3}{5}}$	$-x^{171}$	$\sqrt[4]{x^3}$
5.	$x^6$	$2x$	$-\frac{6x^7}{7}$	$x^{\frac{3}{2}}$	$9x^{\frac{2}{3}}$	$x^{n+1}$	$\sqrt[3]{x^8}$
6.	$x^2$	$8$	$\frac{2}{9}x^3$	$x^{1.8}$	$14x^{-\frac{3}{7}}$	$x^{m+n+1}$	$-\sqrt{x^{1.8}}$
7.	$x^7$	$-7x^6$	$\frac{11}{5}x^5$	$x^{6.1}$	$-2x^{-\frac{4}{5}}$	$-x^{5d-k+6}$	$\sqrt[3]{x^{2.4}}$
8.	$x^9$	$9x^5$	$-\frac{3}{4}x^6$	$x^{3.4}$	$4x^{-\frac{5}{3}}$	$x^{\sqrt{2}+1}$	$\sqrt[3]{x^{-5.1}}$
9.	$x$	$-12x^7$	$\frac{3}{7}x^4$	$x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$	$-7x^{\frac{2}{3}}$	$x^{3\pi+4}$	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^{7.6}}}$
10.	$x^0$	$-14$	$\frac{5}{8}x^3$	$x^{-\frac{7}{2}}$	$\frac{4x^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5}$	$x^{3i-2}$	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{x^3}}$
11.	$x^{-2}$	$-8x^0$	$\frac{-7x^{-3}}{3}$	$x^{-\frac{4}{3}}$	$-\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}}$	$\pi^3$	$\frac{7}{\sqrt[5]{x^2}}$
12.	$x^{-1}$	$11x^{-7}$	$\frac{2x^{-6}}{9}$	$x^{-\frac{5}{4}}$	$\frac{4}{21}x^{\frac{7}{2}}$	$-5x^{2n+1}$	$-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{x^2}}$
13.	$x^4$	$9x^{-8}$	$-\frac{4x^{-5}}{15}$	$x^{-5.3}$	$-\frac{9}{4}x^{-\frac{4}{3}}$	$3x^{5k+4}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3}}$
14.	$x^{-3}$	$-14x^{-10}$	$\frac{5x^{-14}}{7}$	$x^{-2.6}$	$\frac{-2x^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5}$	$-4x^{\sqrt{3}+7}$	$x\sqrt{x}$
15.	$x^{-10}$	$4x^{-3}$	$-\frac{2}{9}x^{-3}$	$x^{-8.3}$	$\frac{4}{3}x^{\frac{7}{3}}$	$\sqrt{3}x^{\pi-2}$	$-\frac{5}{3\sqrt{x}}$
16.	$x^{-7}$	$5x^{-1}$	$\frac{1}{5}x^{-3}$	$x^{\frac{11}{5}}$	$\frac{2}{7}x^{-\frac{2}{5}}$	$-2x^{5i+1}$	$\sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{x^{-1.2}}}$
17.	$x^{-16}$	$-2x^{-6}$	$\frac{-8}{5}x^{-4}$	$x^{\frac{5}{7}}$	$-\frac{9x^{-\frac{8}{5}}}{4}$	$2.5x^{2e+3}$	$-\frac{3}{7\sqrt{x^{1.4}}}$
18.	$x^{-9}$	$3x^{-5}$	$\frac{4}{7}x^{-6}$	$x^{-\frac{9}{2}}$	$-\frac{3}{14}x^{\frac{7}{3}}$	$0.4x^{6f}$	$\frac{14}{3\sqrt[7]{x^3}}$
19.	$x^{-6}$	$-7x^{-4}$	$\frac{5}{8}x^3$	$-7x^{-4}$	$\frac{10}{9}x^{-\frac{3}{5}}$	$2x^{a+b}$	$x^2\sqrt[3]{x}$
20.	$x^{-11}$	$6x^{-2}$	$-\frac{5}{14}x^{-7}$	$6x^{-2}$	$\frac{7x^{-\frac{5}{3}}}{2}$	$3.5x^{4w+2}$	$-\frac{2x^3}{\sqrt[5]{x}}$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

## Answers

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1.	$3x^2$	$12x^2$	$\frac{16x}{3}$	$\frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$	$x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$	$(q+2)x^{q+1}$	$\frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$
2.	$10x^9$	8	$-7x$	$\frac{3x^{-\frac{1}{4}}}{4}$	$3x^{-\frac{1}{4}}$	$3mx^{3m-1}$	$\frac{x^{-\frac{4}{5}}}{5} = \frac{1}{5\sqrt[5]{x^4}}$
3.	$4x^3$	$20x^3$	$\frac{15x^2}{4}$	$\frac{2x^{-\frac{1}{3}}}{3}$	$-4x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$	$(p+q)x^{p+q-1}$	$-\frac{2x^{-\frac{5}{7}}}{7} = -\frac{2}{7\sqrt[7]{x^5}}$
4.	$5x^4$	$-6x$	$\frac{10x^4}{3}$	$\frac{5x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{4}$	$6x^{-\frac{8}{5}}$	$-171x^{170}$	$\frac{3x^{-\frac{1}{4}}}{4} = \frac{3}{4\sqrt[4]{x}}$
5.	$6x^5$	2	$-6x^6$	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$	$6x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$	$(n+1)x^n$	$\frac{8x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{3} = \frac{8\sqrt[3]{x^5}}{3}$
6.	$2x$	0	$\frac{2}{3}x^2$	$1.8x^{0.8}$	$-6x^{-\frac{10}{7}}$	$(m+n+1)x^{m+n}$	$-0.9x^{-0.1}$
7.	$7x^6$	$-42x^5$	$11x^4$	$6.1x^{5.1}$	$\frac{8x^{-\frac{9}{5}}}{5}$	$-(5d-k+6)x^{5d-k+5}$	$0.8x^{-0.2}$
8.	$9x^8$	$45x^4$	$-\frac{9}{2}x^5$	$3.4x^{2.4}$	$-\frac{20x^{-\frac{8}{3}}}{3}$	$(\sqrt{2}+1)x^{\sqrt{2}+1}$	$-1.7x^{-2.7}$
9.	1	$-84x^6$	$\frac{12}{7}x^3$	$-\frac{x^{-\frac{3}{2}}}{2}$	$-\frac{14x^{-\frac{1}{3}}}{3}$	$(3\pi+4)x^{3\pi+3}$	$-3.8x^{-4.8}$
10.	0	0	$\frac{15}{8}x^2$	$-\frac{7x^{-\frac{9}{2}}}{2}$	$\frac{4x^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5}$	$(3i-2)x^{3i-3}$	$\frac{3x^{-\frac{7}{4}}}{4} = \frac{3}{4\sqrt[4]{x^7}}$
11.	$-2x^{-3}$	0	$7x^{-4}$	$-\frac{4x^{-\frac{7}{3}}}{3}$	$-x^{-\frac{5}{2}}$	0	$\frac{14x^{-\frac{7}{5}}}{5} = \frac{14}{5\sqrt[5]{x^7}}$
12.	$-x^2$	$-77x^8$	$-\frac{4x^{-7}}{3}$	$-\frac{5x^{-\frac{9}{4}}}{4}$	$\frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{5}{2}}$	$-5(2n+1)x^{2n}$	$\frac{2x^{-\frac{5}{3}}}{3} = \frac{2}{3\sqrt[3]{x^5}}$
13.	$-4x^{-5}$	$-72x^{-9}$	$\frac{4x^{-6}}{3}$	$-5.3x^{-6.3}$	$3x^{-\frac{7}{3}}$	$3(5k+4)x^{5k+3}$	$-\frac{3x^{-\frac{5}{2}}}{2} = -\frac{3}{2\sqrt{x^5}}$
14.	$-3x^{-4}$	$140x^{-11}$	$-10x^{-15}$	$-2.6x^{-3.6}$	$-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2}$	$-4(\sqrt{3}+7)x^{\sqrt{3}+6}$	$\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2} = \frac{3\sqrt{x}}{2}$
15.	$-10x^{-11}$	$-12x^{-4}$	$\frac{2}{3}x^{-4}$	$-8.3x^{-9.3}$	$\frac{28}{9}x^{\frac{4}{3}}$	$\sqrt{3}(\pi-2)x^{\pi-2}$	$\frac{5x^{-\frac{3}{2}}}{6} = \frac{5}{6\sqrt{x^3}}$
16.	$-7x^{-8}$	$-5x^{-2}$	$-\frac{3}{5}x^{-4}$	$\frac{11x^{\frac{6}{5}}}{5}$	$-\frac{4}{35}x^{-\frac{7}{5}}$	$-2(5i+1)x^{5i}$	$0.3x^{-0.7}$
17.	$-16x^{-17}$	$12x^{-7}$	$\frac{32}{5}x^{-5}$	$\frac{5x^{-\frac{2}{7}}}{7}$	$\frac{18x^{-\frac{13}{5}}}{45}$	$2.5(2e+3)x^{2e+2}$	$0.3x^{-1.7}$
18.	$-9x^{-10}$	$-15x^{-6}$	$-\frac{24}{7}x^{-7}$	$-\frac{9x^{-\frac{11}{2}}}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{4}{3}}$	$2.4fx^{6f-1}$	$-2x^{-\frac{10}{7}} = -\frac{2}{\sqrt[7]{x^{10}}}$
19.	$-6x^{-7}$	$28x^{-5}$	$\frac{15}{8}x^2$	$28x^5$	$-\frac{2}{3}x^{-\frac{8}{5}}$	$2(a+b)x^{a+b-1}$	$\frac{7x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{3} = \frac{7\sqrt[3]{x^4}}{3}$
20.	$-11x^{-12}$	$-12x^{-3}$	$\frac{5}{2}x^{-8}$	$-12x^{-3}$	$-\frac{35x^{-\frac{8}{3}}}{6}$	$(14w+7)x^{4w+1}$	$\frac{28x^{\frac{9}{5}}}{5} = \frac{28\sqrt[5]{x^9}}{5}$

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

### Derivatives of Powers

Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if:

- |   |                                       |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1. $y = x + \sqrt{x}$                       | 2. $y = x^5 - 3\sqrt{x}$              | 3. $y = x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{2}{x}$ |
| 4. $y = 3x^4 - \frac{2}{x} + \frac{6}{x^2}$ | 5. $y = (x+5)(x+2)$                   | 6. $y = (3x+1)(5x-3)$                  |
| 7. $y = (5x^2 - 3)(4x^3 + x)$               | 8. $y = (x^3 + 1)(2x + 3)$            | 9. $y = (x^5 - 2x)^2$                  |
| 10. $y = (x-2)(x+1)(3x+1)$                  | 11. $y = (x-a)^3$                     | 12. $y = (2x+3)^3$                     |
| 13. $y = 2x(3x^2 - 7x + 8)$                 | 14. $y = 3x^2(x+1)(x-2)$              | 15. $y = (x + \frac{1}{x})^2$          |
| 16. $y = \frac{2x+5}{x}$                    | 17. $y = \frac{x^3 - 2}{x}$           | 18. $y = \frac{x^2 - 4x + 7}{x}$       |
| 19. $y = \frac{x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x - 2}{x^2}$   | 20. $y = \frac{3x^7 - 7x + 11}{2x^3}$ | 21. $y = \frac{(2x+3)(2x-3)}{x}$       |
| 22. $y = \frac{x+6}{x^3}$                   | 23. $y = \frac{2x^3 + x + 4}{2x^5}$   | 24. $y = \frac{x-3}{\sqrt{x}}$         |

Find the derivative if:

- |                                   |   |                                     |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 25. $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ | 26. $k = \frac{1}{a}(x^2 + \frac{b}{x} + c)$                    | 27. $b = -3m^{-8} + 3\sqrt[3]{7}$   |
| 28. $f = ax^4 + bx^2 + c$         | 29. $r = \frac{t^4}{4} - \frac{t^3}{3} + \frac{t^2}{2} - t + 4$ | 30. $g = -8h^5 + 3h^{-2} + h^{1.6}$ |

Find the derivative with respect to the variable indicated:

- |                                     |  |   |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| 31. $C = 2\pi r$                    | 32. $y = mx + b$                       | 33. $v = u + at$                            |
| [r]                                 | [x]                                    | [t]   |
| 34. $A = \pi r^2$                   | 35. $E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$              | 36. $P = \frac{V^2}{R}$                     |
| [r]                                 | [v]                                    | [V]   |
| 37. $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$      | 38. $P = RI^2$                         | 39. $V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$                |
| [t]                                 | [I]                                    | [r]   |
| 40. $F = \frac{\pi r^4 P}{8\eta l}$ | 41. $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$      | 42. $v = \sqrt{\frac{2GM}{r}}$              |
| [r]                                 | [l]                                    | [r]   |
| 43. $F = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$           | 44. $E = \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$ | 45. $\Lambda = \sqrt{\frac{h^2}{2\pi mkT}}$ |
| [r]                                 | [r]                                    | [T]   |

Calculate the first, second, third, and fourth derivatives of:

46.  $y = 4x^4 + 2x^3 + 3$       47.  $k = x^3 + 7x - 11$       48.  $b = -m^{-2} + 3m^3$

Find the gradient of the tangent to the curve at the point indicated:

49.  $y = x^2 + 3x$       (2,10)      50.  $y = 2x^3 - 4$       (3,50)      51.  $y = -x^2 + \frac{1}{x}$       (-2,-4.5)

Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point indicated:

52.  $y = 3x^2 - x$       (1,2)      53.  $y = x^3 + 4x$       (-1,-5)      54.  $y = x^2 - \frac{1}{x}$       (1,2)

Find the value of x that satisfies the equation given:

- |                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 55. $y = x^4 + 3x + 1$          | $y^{IV} - y^{III} + \frac{2y^{II}}{x^2} = 0$ |
| 56. $y = \frac{1}{x}, x \neq 0$ | $x^3y^{II} + x^3y^I + xy = 0$                |

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

## Answers

- |  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| 1. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$   | 2. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 5x^4 - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{x}}$  | 3. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + \frac{2}{x^2}$   |
| 4. $y' = 12x^3 + \frac{2}{x^2} - \frac{12}{x^3}$                                     | 5. $y' = 2x + 7$   | 6. $y' = 30x - 4$   |
| 7. $y' = 100x^4 - 21x^2 - 3$   | 8. $y' = 8x^3 + 9x^2 + 2$  | 9. $y' = 10x^9 - 24x^5 + 8x$  |
| 10. $y' = 9x^2 - 4x - 7$   | 11. $y' = 3x^2 - 6ax + 3a^2$   | 12. $y' = 24x^2 + 72x + 54$   |
| 13. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 18x^2 - 28x + 16$   | 14. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 12x^3 - 9x^2 - 12x$   | 15. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x - \frac{2}{x^3}$  |
| 16. $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{5}{x^2}$   | 17. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + \frac{2}{x^2}$   | 18. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - \frac{7}{x^2}$   |
| 19. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{4}{x^3}$                              | 20. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x^3 + \frac{7}{x^3} - \frac{33}{2x^4}$   | 21. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4 + \frac{9}{x^2}$   |
| 22. $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{2}{x^3} - \frac{18}{x^4}$                                | 23. $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{2}{x^3} - \frac{2}{x^5} - \frac{10}{x^6}$  | 24. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3}{2\sqrt{x^3}}$   |
| 25. $f'(x) = 3ax^2 + 2bx + c$  | 26. $\frac{dk}{dx} = \frac{1}{a}(2x - \frac{b}{x^2})$  | 27. $\frac{db}{dm} = 24m^{-9}$  |
| 28. $\frac{df}{dx} = 4ax^3 + 2bx$  | 29. $\frac{dr}{dt} = t^3 - t^2 + t - 1$  | 30. $\frac{dg}{dh} = -40h^4 - \frac{6}{h^3} + 1.6h^{0.6}$   |
| 31. $\frac{dc}{dr} = 2\pi$   | 32. $\frac{dy}{dx} = m$  | 33. $\frac{dv}{dt} = a$   |
| 34. $\frac{dA}{dr} = 2\pi r$   | 35. $\frac{dE}{dv} = mv$   | 36. $\frac{dP}{dV} = \frac{2V}{R}$  |
| 37. $\frac{ds}{dt} = u + at$   | 38. $\frac{dP}{dI} = 2RI$  | 39. $\frac{dV}{dr} = 4\pi r^2$  |
| 40. $\frac{dF}{dr} = \frac{\pi r^2 P}{2\eta l}$                                      | 41. $\frac{dT}{dl} = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{gl}}$  | 42. $\frac{dv}{dr} = -\sqrt{\frac{GM}{2r^2}}$   |
| 43. $\frac{dF}{dr} = -\frac{2GMr}{r^3}$  | 44. $\frac{dE}{dr} = -\frac{q}{2\pi\varepsilon_0 r^3}$   | 45. $\frac{d\Delta}{dT} = -\frac{h}{\sqrt{8\pi mkT^3}}$   |
| 46. $y' = 16x^3 + 6x^2$<br>$y'' = 48x^2 + 12x$<br>$y''' = 96x + 12$<br>$y^{IV} = 96$ | 47. $\frac{dk}{dx} = 3x^2 + 7$<br>$\frac{d^2k}{dx^2} = 6x$<br>$\frac{d^3k}{dx^3} = 6$<br>$\frac{d^4k}{dx^4} = 0$ | 48. $\frac{db}{dm} = 2m^{-3} + 9m^2$<br>$\frac{d^2b}{dm^2} = -6m^{-4} + 18m$<br>$\frac{d^3b}{dm^3} = 24m^{-5} + 18$<br>$\frac{d^4b}{dm^4} = -120m^{-6}$ |
| 49. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + 3 = 7$ at $(2,1)$  | 50. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x^2 = 54$ at $(3,-1)$  | 51. $y' = -2x - \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{15}{4}$ at $(-2,3)$   |
| 52. $y = 5x - 3$   | 53. $y = 7x + 2$   | 54. $y = 3x - 1$  |
| 55. $y' = 4x^3 + 3, y'' = 12x^2, y''' = 24x, y^{IV} = 24$ and<br>$x = 2$             |  |   |
| 56. $y' = -\frac{1}{x^2}, y'' = \frac{2}{x^3}$ and<br>$x = 3$                        |  |   |

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

### Chain Rule

Differentiate:

1.  $(x + 3)^4$

4.  $(7x - 2)^6$

7.  $(x^2 - 1)^{100}$

10.  $3(x + 13)^2$

13.  $2(x^7 + 3x^2 - 1)^6$

16.  $\frac{(x - x^2 - x^4)^5}{5}$

19.  $(9 - 4x)^{-3}$

22.  $(x^{-1} - 2x^{-2})^{-3}$

25.  $(5x + 7)^{\frac{3}{2}}$

28.  $(4x^2 - 6x + 1)^{\frac{7}{3}}$

2.  $(2x + 5)^3$

5.  $(x^2 + 1)^3$

8.  $(3x^2 - 2x)^2$

11.  $(3x^2 + 7x)^4$

14.  $3(x^5 - 2x)^2$

17.  $\frac{(5 - x)^{-2}}{2}$

20.  $(4x^2 - 3x^3 + x)^{-2}$

23.  $(3x + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

26.  $(x^3 - 5x^2 + x)^{\frac{3}{4}}$

29.  $(2x^3 - 9x + 12)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

3.  $(1 - x)^7$

6.  $(x^6 + x^3)^{20}$

9.  $2(5x - 3)^8$

12.  $(x^2 + 7x - 1)^8$

15.  $(5x^2 + 4)^{11}$

18.  $(2x + 1)^{-1}$

21.  $5(x^2 - 9)^{-3}$

24.  $(6x + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

27.  $(x^5 - 5x)^{\frac{1}{5}}$

30.  $(x^{-4} + 7x^{-2} + 8)^{-\frac{5}{2}}$

Find  $y'$ :

31.  $y = \frac{1}{3x - 1}$

32.  $y = \frac{2}{3x^2 - x + 5}$

33.  $y = \frac{1}{x^3 + x^2 + x + 1}$

34.  $y = \frac{3}{(7x^2 - 3x + 7)^{10}}$

35.  $y = \frac{1}{9 - x^2}$

36.  $y = \frac{7}{3(5x^2 + 2)^3}$

37.  $y = \frac{3}{4(2x - 5)^8}$

38.  $y = \frac{1}{x^4 + 5x^3 - 2x}$

39.  $y = \frac{1}{12(4x - 1)^3}$

40.  $y = \sqrt{2x + 5}$

41.  $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 3}$

42.  $y = \sqrt[3]{9x - 4}$

43.  $y = \sqrt[3]{x^3 - 3x}$

44.  $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$

45.  $y = \sqrt[3]{8x^3 + 27}$

46.  $y = \sqrt[3]{(11 - 3x)^2}$

47.  $y = \sqrt[3]{(4x - 1)^4}$

48.  $y = \sqrt[5]{7x^3 - 2x^2 + 5}$

Find the derivative:

49.  $y = \sqrt[4]{7m^3 - 4m^2 + 2}$

50.  $c = \sqrt[3]{(4k^2 + 3)^2}$

51.  $r = \sqrt[4]{(4w + 3)^5}$

52.  $d = \frac{3}{\sqrt{x + 2}}$

53.  $f = \frac{2}{\sqrt{4e + 5}}$

54.  $g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2x}}$

55.  $k(n) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{n^2 + 6}}$

56.  $p(r) = \frac{12}{\sqrt[4]{(7 - r)^5}}$

57.  $q(z) = \frac{5}{\sqrt[5]{z^5 - 32}}$

Calculate  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for the following functions:

58.  $y = (x - 3)\sqrt{(x - 3)}$

59.  $y = \sqrt{4 - \sqrt{x + 2}}$

60.  $y = [(2x + 1)^{10} + 1]^{10}$

61.  $y = (x - \frac{1}{x})^4$

62.  $y = (x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2})^3$

63.  $y = (3x - 1)^{2k+1}$

64.  $y = (\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} + x)^{-k}$

65.  $y = [(2x + 1)^2 + (x + 1)^2]^3$

66.  $y = (7x + \sqrt{x^2 + 3})^6$

67.  $y = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}$

68.  $y = [(1 + \frac{1}{x})^{-1} + 1]^{-1}$

69.  $y = [x^2 + (x^2 + 9)^{\frac{1}{2}}]^{\frac{1}{2}}$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

## Answers

- |   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| 1. $4(x+3)^3$   | 2. $6(2x+5)^2$   | 3. $-7(1-x)^6$   |
| 4. $42(7x-2)^5$   | 5. $6x(x^2+1)^2$   | 6. $60x^{59}(2x^3+1)(x^3+1)^{19}$  |
| 7. $200x(x^2-1)^{99}$   | 8. $4x(3x-1)(3x-2)$  | 9. $80(5x-3)^7$  |
| 10. $6(x+13)$   | 11. $4x^3(6x+7)(3x+7)^3$   | 12. $8(x^2+7)(x^2+7x-1)^7$   |
| 13. $12x(7x^5+6)(x^7+3x^2-1)^5$   | 14. $6x(x^4-2)(5x^4-2)$  | 15. $110x(5x^2+4)^{10}$  |
| 16. $(1-2x-4x^3)(x-x^2-x^4)^4$  | 17. $(5-x)^{-3}$   | 18. $-2(2x+1)^{-2}$  |
| 19. $12(9-4x)^{-4}$   | 20. $-\frac{2(8x-9x^2+1)}{(4x^2-3x^3+x)^3}$                                    | 21. $-30x(x^2-9)^{-4}$   |
| 22. $-3x^5(4-x)(x-2)^{-4}$  | 23. $\frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x+1}}$   | 24. $2(6x+1)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$   |
| 25. $\frac{15(5x+7)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$  | 26. $\frac{3(3x^2-10x+1)}{4\sqrt[4]{x^3-5x^2+x}}$                              | 27. $(x^4-1)(x^5-5x)^{-\frac{4}{5}}$   |
| 28. $\frac{14(4x-3)(4x^2-6x+1)^{\frac{4}{3}}}{3}$                               | 29. $-\frac{2(2x^2-3)}{\sqrt[3]{(2x^3-9x+12)^5}}$                              | 30. $\frac{5(2-7x^2)}{x^5\sqrt{(x^{-4}+7x^{-2}+8)^7}}$   |
| 31. $y' = -\frac{3}{3x-1^2}$  | 32. $y' = -\frac{2(6x-1)}{3x^2-x+5^2}$   | 33. $y' = -\frac{(3x^2+2x+1)}{x^3+x^2+x+1^2}$  |
| 34. $y' = -\frac{30(14x-3)}{(7x^2-3x+7)^{11}}$                                  | 35. $y' = \frac{2x}{(9-x^2)^2}$  | 36. $y' = -\frac{70x}{(5x^2+2)^4}$   |
| 37. $y' = -\frac{12}{(2x-5)^9}$   | 38. $y' = \frac{(4x^3+15x-2)}{(x^4+5x^3-2x)^2}$                                | 39. $y' = -\frac{1}{(4x-1)^4}$   |
| 40. $y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x+5}}$  | 41. $y' = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-3}}$  | 42. $y' = \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{(9x-4)^2}}$  |
| 43. $y' = \frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt[3]{(x^3-3x)^2}}$                                   | 44. $y' = -\frac{x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}$   | 45. $y' = \frac{8x^2}{\sqrt[3]{(8x^3+27)^2}}$  |
| 46. $y' = -\frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{11-3x}}$   | 47. $y' = \frac{16\sqrt[3]{4x-1}}{3}$  | 48. $y' = \frac{x(21x-4)}{\sqrt[5]{(7x^3-2x^2+5)^4}}$  |
| 49. $\frac{dy}{dm} = \frac{21m^2-8m}{4\sqrt[4]{(7m^3-4m^2+2)^3}}$               | 50. $\frac{dc}{dk} = \frac{16k}{3\sqrt[3]{4k^2+3}}$                            | 51. $\frac{dr}{dw} = 5\sqrt[4]{4w+3}$  |
| 52. $\frac{dd}{dx} = -\frac{3}{2\sqrt{(x+2)^3}}$                                | 53. $\frac{df}{de} = -\frac{4}{\sqrt{(4e+5)^3}}$                               | 54. $g'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1-2x)^3}}$  |
| 55. $k'(n) = -\frac{4n}{\sqrt{(n^2+6)^3}}$                                      | 56. $p'(r) = \frac{15}{\sqrt[4]{(7-r)^9}}$                                     | 57. $q'(z) = -\frac{5z^4}{\sqrt[5]{(z^5-32)^6}}$   |
| 58. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3\sqrt{(x-3)}}{2}$                                   | 59. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{4-\sqrt{x+2}}\cdot\sqrt{x+2}}$            | 60. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 200(2x+1)^9 \cdot \frac{1}{[(2x+1)^{10}+1]^9}$                              |
| 61. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4(1+\frac{1}{x^2})(x-\frac{1}{x})^3$                       | 62. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6(x-\frac{1}{x^3})(x^2+\frac{1}{x^2})^2$                  | 63. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3(2k+1)(3x-1)^{2k}$   |
| 64. $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{k(x^2+x+1)}{(\frac{x^3}{3}+\frac{x^2}{2}+x)^{k+1}}$ | 65. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6(5x+3) \cdot \frac{1}{[(2x+1)^2+(x+1)^2]^2}$             | 66. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6\left(7x+\sqrt{x^2+3}\right)^5 \cdot \frac{x}{[7+\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+3}}]}$ |
| 67. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1+\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}}}$          | 68. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x^2(1+\frac{1}{x})^2[(1+\frac{1}{x})^{-1}+1]^2}$ | 69. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x+\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+9}}}{\sqrt{x^2+(x^2+9)^{\frac{1}{2}}}}$         |

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

### Product Rule

Expand and differentiate, and compare by differentiating using the product rule:

$$1. \quad (3x - 1)(4x + 3)$$

$$2. \quad 5x(6x - 1)$$

$$3. \quad x^3(3x + 2)$$

$$4. \quad 4x^2(2x^3 - 1)$$

$$5. \quad 3x^4(7x - 2)$$

$$6. \quad (2x^2 - 5)(3x^2 + 8x)$$

Differentiate mentally without simplification (check your answers below):

$$7. \quad (3x - 2)(5x + 7)$$

$$8. \quad (4 - x^2)(3x + 5)$$

$$9. \quad (5x - 2)(x - 3)$$

$$10. \quad (5x - 2)(x - 1)$$

$$11. \quad (x^2 - 1)(x + 7)$$

$$12. \quad (x^4 + 8)(6 - 5x)$$

$$13. \quad (2x + 9)(x^2 - 4)$$

$$14. \quad (3x + 5)(8x - 1)$$

$$15. \quad (9x^2 - 5)(3x - 8)$$

$$16. \quad 5x^2(3x - 8)$$

$$17. \quad 4x^5(2x^2 - 5x + 3)$$

$$18. \quad (x^2 - 7x + 1)(3x - 4)$$

$$19. \quad (5x^3 + 2)(4x - x^3)$$

$$20. \quad (x^2 + 3x + 1)(x^3 - 4x + 5)$$

$$21. \quad (x^{100} - 5)(5x^8 - 11x + 1)$$

Differentiate on paper without simplification:

$$22. \quad (x + 2)(x^2 - 2x + 7)$$

$$23. \quad (1 - x^3)(7x + 4)$$

$$24. \quad (3x - 5)(x^3 + 2x^2 - 8)$$

$$25. \quad (x^2 - 2)(5x - x^3)$$

$$26. \quad (x^2 + 3x - 1)(x^3 - 4x + 7)$$

$$27. \quad (x^3 - 2x + 8)(6 - 5x)$$

$$28. \quad (8x^2 - 5x)(13x^2 - 4)$$

$$29. \quad (x^5 - 2x^3)(7x^2 + x - 8)$$

$$30. \quad (3 - x^3)(8x + 1)$$

$$31. \quad (x + 1)(x + 2)(x + 3)$$

$$32. \quad (x + 1)(x^2 + 2)(x^3 + 3)$$

$$33. \quad 4x(x - 1)(2x - 3)$$

Differentiate (using an embedded chain rule):

$$34. \quad x^2(x + 1)^3$$

$$35. \quad 8x(3x - 2)^5$$

$$36. \quad 2x^4(3 - x)^3$$

$$37. \quad (x + 1)(2x - 5)^4$$

$$38. \quad (x^3 - 4x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 3)^5$$

$$39. \quad (3x^2 - 2x - 1)(x^2 + 5x - 2)^2$$

$$40. \quad 4x^3(2x - 1)^{-3}$$

$$41. \quad 2x^8(11 - x)^{-7}$$

$$42. \quad (4x - 3)(5x + 3)^{-2}$$

$$43. \quad 2x(x + 3)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$44. \quad (3x - 1)(6 - x)^{-\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$45. \quad 4x^3(8x - 1)^{\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$46. \quad (2x + 9)\sqrt{x^2 - 4}$$

$$47. \quad x\sqrt{11 - x}$$

$$48. \quad x^2\sqrt[3]{4x - 7}$$

$$49. \quad (3x + 8)^3(x + 1)^4$$

$$50. \quad (2x^2 - 3x + 1)^2(5x - 1)^4$$

$$51. \quad (5x + 3)^4(x - 2)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$52. \quad (8x + 1)^3\sqrt[3]{9 - x^3}$$

$$53. \quad (2x + 7)^8\sqrt[8]{(x + 4)^5}$$

$$54. \quad (6x + 1)^8(3x - 7)^{-5}$$

$$55. \quad \frac{x}{(2x - 9)^5}$$

$$56. \quad (x + x^{-1})(x - x^{-2})$$

$$57. \quad (x + \sqrt{x})(1 + \sqrt{x})$$

Find the equation of the tangent to the following curves at the point indicated):

$$58. \quad y = x^2(x + 1)^3 \quad (-1, 0) \quad 59. \quad y = x(3x - 2)^2 \quad (1, 1) \quad 60. \quad y = (x + 1)\sqrt{x + 3} \quad (-2, -1)$$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

## Answers

1.  $24x + 5$

4.  $40x^4 - 8x$

2.  $60x - 5$

5.  $105x^5 - 24x^3$

3.  $12x^3 + 6x^2$

6.  $24x^3 + 48x^2 - 30x - 40$

Answers with structure, but no simplification:

22.  $1(x^2 - 2x + 7) + (x + 2)(2x - 2)$

25.  $2x(5x - x^3) + (x^2 - 2)(5 - 3x^2)$

28.  $(16x - 5)(13x^2 - 4) + (8x^2 - 5x)(26x)$

31.  $(1)(x + 2)(x + 3) + (x + 1)(1)(x + 3) + (x + 1)(x + 2)(1)$

23.  $-3x^2(7x + 4) + (1 - x^3)(7)$

26.  $(2x + 3)(x^3 - 4x + 7) + (x^2 + 3x - 1)(3x^2 - 4)$

29.  $(5x^4 - 6x^2)(7x^2 + x - 8) + (x^5 - 2x^3)(14x + 1)$

32.  $(1)(x^2 + 2)(x^3 + 3) + (x + 1)(2x)(x^3 + 3) + (x + 1)(x^2 + 2)(3x^2)$

24.  $3(x^3 + 2x^2 - 8) + (3x - 5)(3x^2 + 4x)$

27.  $(3x^2 - 2)(6 - 5x) + (x^3 - 2x + 8)(-5)$

30.  $-3x^2(8x + 1) + (3 - x^3)(8)$

33.  $4(x - 1)(2x - 3) + 4x(1)(2x - 3) + 4x(x - 1)(2)$

Simplified answers (equivalent expressions use or remove radicals or negative indices):

34.  $x(5x + 2)(x + 1)^2$

37.  $(10x + 3)(2x - 5)^3$

40.  $-12x^2(2x - 1)^{-4}$

43.  $3(x + 2)(x + 3)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

46.  $\frac{4x^2 + 9x - 8}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4}}$

49.  $\frac{(21x + 41)(3x + 8)^2}{(x + 1)^3}$

52.  $-\frac{(8x + 1)^2(120x^3 + 3x^2 - 864)}{4^4(9 - x^3)^3}$

55.  $-\frac{8x + 9}{(2x - 9)^6}$

35.  $16(9x - 1)(3x - 2)^4$

38.  $x(13x^3 - 48x^2 + 9x - 14). (x^2 + 3)^4$

41.  $-2x^7(x - 88)(11 - x)^{-8}$

44.  $-\frac{3(4x^2 - 27x + 1)(6 - x)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{4}$

45.  $\frac{4x^2(152x - 15)(8x - 1)^{-\frac{1}{5}}}{5}$

42.  $-2(10x - 21)(5x + 3)^{-3}$

47.  $-\frac{(3x - 22)}{2\sqrt{11 - x}}$

48.  $\frac{14x(2x - 3)}{3\sqrt[3]{(4x - 7)^2}}$

50.  $\frac{2(2x^2 - 3x + 1). (40x^2 - 49x + 13)(5x - 1)^3}{(40x^2 - 49x + 13)(5x - 1)^3}$

51.  $\frac{(35x - 43)(5x + 3)^3}{2\sqrt{(x - 1)^3}}$

54.  $\frac{3(18x - 117)(6x + 1)^7}{(3x - 7)^6}$

53.  $\frac{1}{3}(58x + 227)(2x + 7)^7. \sqrt[3]{(x + 4)^2}$

56.  $2x + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^4}$

57.  $2 + \frac{3\sqrt{x}}{2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$

The equations of the tangents are:

58.  $y = 0$

59.  $y = 7x - 6$

60.  $y = \frac{x}{2}$

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

### Quotient Rule

Divide each term of the numerator by the denominator before differentiating. Compare this with the result you get by using the quotient rule:

1.  $\frac{x+6}{x}$

2.  $\frac{x^3-1}{x^2}$

3.  $\frac{3x-1}{x^2}$

4.  $\frac{x^3-3x^2}{x}$

5.  $\frac{x^4+2x^3}{x^2}$

6.  $\frac{2x^2+5x-1}{x}$

Using negative indices, differentiate by using the product rule. Compare this with the result you get by using the quotient rule:

7.  $\frac{x+5}{2x+1}$

8.  $\frac{x-3}{5x+2}$

9.  $\frac{3x+8}{x-5}$

10.  $\frac{x^2-2}{x^2+9}$

11.  $\frac{x^3}{x+4}$

12.  $\frac{x+1}{3x^2-7}$

Differentiate mentally without simplification (check your answers on the following page):

13.  $\frac{1}{2x-1}$

14.  $\frac{x^3}{x^2-4}$

15.  $\frac{x+4}{x-6}$

16.  $\frac{2x+5}{4x-3}$

17.  $\frac{x}{2x^2-8}$

18.  $\frac{x-7}{x^2}$

19.  $\frac{x^2+4x-1}{x+3}$

20.  $\frac{x^2-9x+11}{2x+5}$

21.  $\frac{3x-1}{x^2+12}$

22.  $\frac{6x+7}{x^2-x+3}$

23.  $\frac{x^3+x}{x^2-x-1}$

24.  $\frac{5x^2-2x}{3x+1}$

Differentiate (using an embedded chain rule):

25.  $\frac{2x}{(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

26.  $\frac{(2x+7)^3}{4x-1}$

27.  $\frac{x-1}{(7x+3)^4}$

28.  $\frac{(3x-4)^5}{(2x+1)^3}$

29.  $\frac{2x-5}{\sqrt{x+1}}$

30.  $\frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{4x+1}$

31.  $\frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{(x-8)^2}$

32.  $\frac{x-4}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$

33.  $\frac{(x+3)^4}{x^2}$

Find the derivative of:

34.  $y = \frac{x+3}{\sqrt{x}+2}$

35.  $f = \frac{p^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2p+1}$

36.  $b = \frac{\sqrt[3]{w}}{w^2+5}$

37.  $m = \frac{h^3-1}{h^3+1}$

38.  $g = \frac{7t^4+11}{t+8}$

39.  $e = \left(\frac{4y+3}{5y-1}\right)^3$

40.  $k = \frac{8n^2-5n+11}{n+2}$

41.  $r = \frac{v-6}{\sqrt[5]{(v+1)^5}}$

42.  $z = \frac{4a-9}{(a+5)^4}$

Find the equation of the tangent to the following curves at the point indicated:

43.  $y = \frac{x+3}{x-1}$

(2,5)

(1,4)

(3,3)

46.  $y = \frac{x^2}{x-1}$

(-1,-1/2)

(2,5)

(1,-6)

44.  $y = \frac{x+3}{3x-2}$

(1,4)

45.  $y = \frac{x}{x-2}$

47.  $y = \frac{x^2+1}{x^2-3}$

(2,5)

48.  $y = \frac{x-7}{x^2}$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

## Answers

You should discover that the results are the same and that it is advisable to simplify expressions first!

1. 
$$-\frac{6}{x^2}$$

2. 
$$\frac{x^3 + 2}{x^3} = 1 + \frac{2}{x^3}$$

3. 
$$-\frac{3x - 2}{x^3}$$

4. 
$$2x - 3$$

5. 
$$2x + 2$$

6. 
$$\frac{2x^2 + 1}{x^2} = 2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

You should discover that the results are the same and that the quotient rule is (usually) simpler to use.

7. 
$$-\frac{9}{(2x + 1)^2}$$

8. 
$$\frac{17}{(5x + 2)^2}$$

9. 
$$-\frac{23}{(x - 5)^2}$$

10. 
$$\frac{22x}{(x^2 + 9)^2}$$

11. 
$$\frac{2x^2(x + 6)}{(x + 4)^2}$$

12. 
$$-\frac{3x^2 + 6x + 7}{(3x^2 - 7)^2}$$

You should have found the following structures:

13. 
$$\frac{0(2x - 1) - 1(2)}{(2x - 1)^2}$$

14. 
$$\frac{3x^2(x^2 - 4) - x^3(2x)}{(x^2 - 4)^2}$$

15. 
$$\frac{1(x - 6) - (x + 4)1}{(x - 6)^2}$$

16. 
$$\frac{2(4x - 3) - (2x + 5)4}{(4x - 3)^2}$$

17. 
$$\frac{1(2x^2 - 8) - x(4x)}{(2x^2 - 8)^2}$$

18. 
$$\frac{1(x^2) - (x - 7)(2x)}{x^4}$$

19. 
$$\frac{(2x + 4)(x + 3) - (x^2 + 4x - 1)1}{(x + 3)^2}$$

20. 
$$\frac{(2x - 9)(2x + 5) - (x^2 - 9x + 11)2}{(2x + 5)^2}$$

21. 
$$\frac{3(x^2 + 12) - (3x - 1)(2x)}{(x^2 + 12)^2}$$

22. 
$$\frac{6(x^2 - x - 3) - (6x + 7)(2x - 1)}{(x^2 - x + 3)^2}$$

23. 
$$\frac{(3x^2 + 1)(x^2 - x - 1) - (x^3 + x)(2x - 1)}{(x^2 - x - 1)^2}$$

24. 
$$\frac{(10x - 2)(3x + 1) - (5x^2 - 2x)3}{(3x + 1)^2}$$

The derivatives are:

25. 
$$\frac{x + 2}{(x + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

26. 
$$\frac{2(8x - 17)(2x + 7)^2}{(4x - 1)^2}$$

27. 
$$-\frac{21x - 31}{(7x + 3)^5}$$

28. 
$$\frac{3(4x + 13)(3x - 4)^4}{(2x + 1)^4}$$

29. 
$$\frac{2x + 9}{2\sqrt{(x + 1)^3}}$$

30. 
$$-\frac{4x - 9}{2\sqrt{x - 1}(4x + 1)^2}$$

31. 
$$-\frac{x^2 + 8x + 2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}(x - 8)^3}$$

32. 
$$\frac{2(x + 2)}{3\sqrt[3]{x^4}}$$

33. 
$$\frac{2(x - 3)(x + 3)^3}{x^3}$$

The derivatives are:

34. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x + 4\sqrt{x} - 3}{2\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x} + 2)^2}$$

35. 
$$\frac{df}{dp} = -\frac{2(p - 1)}{3\sqrt[3]{p}(2p + 1)^2}$$

36. 
$$\frac{db}{dw} = -\frac{5(w^2 - 1)}{3w^{\frac{2}{3}}(w^2 + 5)^2}$$

37. 
$$\frac{dm}{dh} = \frac{6h^2}{(h^3 + 1)^2}$$

38. 
$$\frac{dg}{dt} = \frac{21t^4 + 224t^3 - 11}{(t + 8)^2}$$

39. 
$$\frac{de}{dy} = -\frac{57(4y + 3)^2}{(5y - 1)^4}$$

40. 
$$\frac{dk}{dn} = \frac{8n^2 + 32n - 21}{(n + 2)^2}$$

41. 
$$\frac{dr}{dv} = -\frac{3v - 32}{2\sqrt{(v + 1)^7}}$$

42. 
$$\frac{dz}{da} = \frac{4a + 107}{4(a + 5)^{\frac{7}{4}}}$$

The equations of the tangents (in gradient-intercept form) are:

43. 
$$y = -4x + 13$$

44. 
$$y = -11x + 15$$

45. 
$$y = -2x + 9$$

46. 
$$y = \frac{3x}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

47. 
$$y = -16x + 37$$

48. 
$$y = 13x - 19$$

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

# Exponential Functions

Differentiate with respect to x:

- |                              |                                      |                              |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. $y = e^x$                 | 2. $y = 3e^x$                        | 3. $y = e^{4x}$              |
| 4. $y = 2e^{5x}$             | 5. $y = e^{5x} - e^{2x}$             | 6. $y = 2e^{3x} + e^{-x}$    |
| 7. $y = e^{3.5x} + e^{1.9x}$ | 8. $y = 6e^{2x} - \frac{e^{-2x}}{2}$ | 9. $y = e^{2x} \cdot e^{7x}$ |
| 10. $y = e^{x^2}$            | 11. $y = e^{x^2-2x+7}$               | 12. $y = 3e^{-x^4}$          |
| 13. $y = 8e^{5x-1}$          | 14. $y = x^3 e^{2x}$                 | 15. $y = (2x+1)e^{-x}$       |

Find the derivative function:

- |                              |                        |                                   |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 16. $y = xe^{-2x}$           | 17. $y = x^3 e^{-x}$   | 18. $y = x^3 - xe^{4x}$           |
| 19. $y = (x^2 - 6)e^{8x}$    | 20. $y = \sqrt{x}e^x$  | 21. $y = 4e^{2x^2}$               |
| 22. $y = xe^{x^2}$           | 23. $y = e^{(e^x)}$    | 24. $y = \frac{e^{2x+1}}{2x+7}$   |
| 25. $y = \frac{e^{3x}}{x^2}$ | 26. $y = e^{\sqrt{x}}$ | 27. $y = \frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1}$ |

Calculate  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ :

- |  |                                 |  |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| 28. $y = \frac{x}{e^{-x}}$               | 29. $y = (e^x + 2)^8$           | 30. $y = e^{\sqrt[4]{x}} - e^{-\frac{1}{x}}$ |
| 31. $y = e^{\sqrt{x}} + e^{\frac{5}{4}}$ | 32. $y = 4x^3 + 3x^2 - e^{-2x}$ | 33. $y = 2e^{1-x}$                           |
| 34. $y = (e^x + x)^{10}$                 | 35. $y = e^{x^3+1}$             | 36. $y = x^e e^x$                            |

Find the derivative of:

- |                                  |                           |                                  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 37. $y = x^e e^{x-e}$            | 38. $p = m^2 e^{-\pi m}$  | 39. $a = \frac{k-1}{e^{2k}-1}$   |
| 40. $v = (t^2 - 3t)e^{8t}$       | 41. $j = \sqrt{d}e^{d+4}$ | 42. $b = \frac{e^{2q}}{e^q + 4}$ |
| 43. $f = \frac{e^g - e^{-g}}{2}$ | 44. $h = A + Be^{-6w}$    | 45. $l = \frac{1-n^2}{2e^n}$     |

Given the function on the left, demonstrate that the relationship on the right is true:

- |                              |                        |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 46. $y = e^x + e^{-x}$       | $y'' = y$              |
| 47. $y = 4e^{-x} + 5e^{-3x}$ | $y'' + 4y' + 3y = 0$   |
| 48. $y = e^{2x} + e^{8x}$    | $y'' - 10y' + 16y = 0$ |
| 49. $y = e^{2x} + e^{4x}$    | $y'' - 6y' + 8y = 0$   |
| 50. $y = (x+1)e^{5x}$        | $y'' - 10y' + 25y = 0$ |
| 51. $y = A + Be^{-4x}$       | $y'' + 4y' = 0$        |

Find the equation of the tangent to the following curves at the point indicated):

- |               |       |                  |       |                   |       |
|---------------|-------|------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|
| 52. $y = e^x$ | (0,1) | 53. $y = e^{-x}$ | (0,1) | 54. $y = e^{x-2}$ | (3,e) |
|---------------|-------|------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|

Find the minimum value of each function (and its location) given:

- |                    |                     |                    |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 55. $y = (x-2)e^x$ | 56. $y = -e^{-x^2}$ | 57. $y = xe^{x-1}$ |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

## Answers

- |  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| 1. $y' = e^x$  | 2. $y' = 3e^x$  | 3. $y' = 4e^{4x}$   |
| 4. $y' = 10e^{5x}$                                   | 5. $y' = 5e^{5x} - 2e^{2x}$                           | 6. $y' = 6e^{3x} - e^{-x}$  |
| 7. $y' = 3.5e^{3.5x} + 1.9e^{1.9x}$                  | 8. $y' = 12e^{2x} + e^{-2x}$                          | 9. $y' = 9e^{9x}$   |
| 10. $y' = 2xe^{x^2}$                                 | 11. $y' = (2x - 2)e^{x^2-2x+7}$                       | 12. $y' = -12x^3e^{-x^4}$   |
| 13. $y' = 40e^{5x-1}$                                | 14. $y' = 3x^2e^{2x} + 2x^3e^{2x}$                    | 15. $y' = e^{-x} - 2xe^{-x}$  |
| 16. $y' = e^{-2x} - 2xe^{-2x}$                       | 17. $y' = 3x^2e^{-x} - x^3e^{-x}$                     | 18. $y' = 3x^2 - e^{4x} - 4xe^{4x}$   |
| 19. $y' = 2(4x^2 + x - 24)e^{8x}$                    | 20. $y' = \frac{e^x}{2\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{x}e^x$        | 21. $y' = 16xe^{2x^2}$  |
| 22. $y' = e^{x^2} + 2x^2e^{x^2}$                     | 23. $y' = e^x e^{(e^x)}$                              | 24. $y' = \frac{4(x+3)e^{2x+1}}{2x+7^2}$  |
| 25. $y' = \frac{(3x-2)e^{3x}}{x^3}$                  | 26. $y' = \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}}$             | 27. $y' = -\frac{2e^x}{(e^x-1)^2}$  |
| 28. $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x + xe^x$                     | 29. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 8e^x(e^x+2)^7$                   | 30. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^{4\sqrt{x}}}{4\sqrt[4]{x^3}} - \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{x}}}{x^2}$ |
| 31. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}}$ | 32. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 12x^2 + 6x + 2e^{-2x}$           | 33. $\frac{dy}{dx} = -2e^{1-x}$   |
| 34. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 10(e^x+1)(e^x+x)^9$             | 35. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2e^{x^3+1}$                   | 36. $\frac{dy}{dx} = (x+e)x^{e-1}e^x$   |
| 37. $\frac{dy}{dx} = (x+e)x^{e-1}e^{x-e}$            | 38. $\frac{dp}{dm} = (2-\pi m)me^{-\pi m}$            | 39. $\frac{da}{dk} = \frac{3e^{2k}-2ke^{2k}-1}{(e^{2k}-1)^2}$                             |
| 40. $\frac{dv}{dt} = (8t^2 - 22t - 3)e^{8t}$         | 41. $\frac{dj}{dd} = \frac{(2d+1)e^{d+4}}{2\sqrt{d}}$ | 42. $\frac{db}{dq} = \frac{e^{3q}+8e^{2q}}{(e^q+4)^2}$                                    |
| 43. $\frac{df}{dg} = \frac{e^g + e^{-g}}{2}$         | 44. $\frac{dh}{dw} = -6Be^{-6w}$                      | 45. $\frac{dl}{dn} = \frac{n^2 - 2n - 1}{2e^n}$   |

The derivatives required in order to demonstrate the relationships are:

- |                           |  |                           |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| 46. $y = e^x + e^{-x}$    | 47. $y = 4e^{-x} + 5e^{-3x}$             | 48. $y = e^{2x} + e^{8x}$ |
| $y' = e^x - e^{-x}$       | $y' = -4e^{-x} - 15e^{-3x}$              | $y' = 2e^{2x} + 8e^{8x}$  |
| 49. $y = e^{2x} + e^{4x}$ | 50. $y = (x+1)e^{5x} = e^{5x} + xe^{5x}$ | 51. $y = A + Be^{-4x}$    |
| $y' = 2e^{2x} + 4e^{4x}$  | $y' = 6e^{5x} + 5xe^{5x}$                | $y' = -4Be^{-4x}$         |
|                           |  |                           |
|                           |  |                           |

The equations of the tangents (in gradient-intercept form) are:

$$52. \quad y = x + 1 \quad 53. \quad y = -x + 1 \quad 54. \quad y = ex - 2e$$

The minimum values of the functions are:

$$55. \quad y = -e \quad (\text{at } x = 1) \quad 56. \quad y = -1 \quad (\text{at } x = 0) \quad 57. \quad y = -\frac{1}{e^2} \quad (\text{at } x = -1)$$

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

# Logarithmic Functions

Differentiate with respect to x:

1.  $y = \log_e x$

4.  $y = \ln(3x + 1)$

7.  $y = 5\ln(3x)$

10.  $y = \ln(x^2 - 5)$

2.  $y = \log_e(3x)$

5.  $y = \ln 3x + 1$

8.  $y = \ln(x^2)$

11.  $y = 2\ln x + 5\ln(2x)$

3.  $y = 2\log_e x$

6.  $y = \ln x + 2x$

9.  $y = \ln(x^5)$

12.  $y = 7x - \ln(4x^3)$

Simplify, using logarithmic laws, before finding the derivative function:

13.  $y = \ln\sqrt{x+9}$

14.  $y = \ln\frac{x+1}{x+3}$

15.  $y = \ln(x-5)(x+8)$

Calculate the derivative:

16.  $y = \ln(2x-1)(x+8)$

17.  $y = \ln(x+6)^4$

18.  $y = \ln\frac{(x+1)(x+2)}{(x+3)}$

19.  $y = \ln\frac{x}{x-2}$

20.  $y = \ln\sqrt{x+4}$

21.  $y = \ln\sqrt{(x+1)^3}$

22.  $y = \ln\frac{1}{x}$

23.  $y = \ln\frac{1}{3x+2}$

24.  $y = \ln\frac{1}{2x^5}$

Calculate  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ :

25.  $y = x\ln x$

26.  $y = 2x^3\ln(x+4)$

27.  $y = x\ln x - 3x$

28.  $y = \ln(x^2)$

29.  $y = (\ln x)^2$

30.  $y = \ln(\ln x)$

31.  $y = (1 + \ln x)^5$

32.  $y = (\ln x - x)^9$

33.  $y = (x^2 + \ln x)^6$

34.  $y = \frac{\ln x}{x-2}$

35.  $y = (2x+1)\ln x$

36.  $y = x^3\ln(x+1)$

37.  $y = \log(x)$

38.  $y = \log_7(5x)$

39.  $y = \log\left(\frac{2x^2-1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)$

40.  $y = \frac{e^{2x}}{\ln x}$

41.  $y = e^x \ln x$

42.  $y = \ln\frac{e^x+1}{e^x-1}$

Given the function on the left, solve the equation on the right:

43.  $y = \ln x$

$$xy'' + (y')^2 = 2$$

44.  $y = (\ln x)^2$

$$xy'' + y' = 1$$

45.  $y = x\ln x$

$$y'' + xy' - y = 2$$

46.  $y = x^2\ln x$

$$xy'' - y' = 8$$

47.  $y = (x+3)\ln x$

$$xy'' + y' = 3$$

48.  $y = \ln(x^2 - 1)$

$$2(x^2 - 1)y'' + 5y' = 0$$

49.  $y = e^x \ln x$

$$y'' - y' = 0$$

Find the equation of the tangent to the following curves at the point indicated):

50.  $y = \ln\sqrt{2-x}$

(1,0)

51.  $y = x\ln x$

(e,e)

52.  $y = e^x + \ln x$

(1,e)

Find the minimum value of each function (and its location) given:

53.  $y = (\ln x)^2$

54.  $y = x^2 - \ln x$

55.  $y = \frac{1}{x} + \ln x$

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

## Answers

1.  $y' = \frac{1}{x}$

4.  $y' = \frac{3}{3x+1}$

7.  $y' = \frac{5}{x}$

10.  $y' = \frac{2x}{x^2-5}$

13.  $y' = \frac{1}{2(x+9)}$

16.  $y' = \frac{2}{2x-1} + \frac{1}{x+8}$

19.  $y' = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x-2}$

22.  $y' = -\frac{1}{x}$

25.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \ln x + 1$

28.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2}{x}$

31.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5(1+\ln x)^4}{x}$

34.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x-2)-x\ln x}{x(x-2)^2}$

37.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x\ln 10}$

40.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(2x\ln x - 1)e^{2x}}{x\ln^2 x}$

2.  $y' = \frac{1}{x}$

5.  $y' = \frac{1}{x} + 1$

8.  $y' = \frac{2}{x}$

11.  $y' = \frac{7}{x}$

14.  $y' = \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{x+3}$

17.  $y' = \frac{4}{x+6}$

20.  $y' = \frac{1}{2(x+4)}$

23.  $y' = -\frac{3}{3x+2}$

26.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x^2 \ln(x+4) + \frac{2x^3}{x+4}$

29.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2\ln x}{x}$

32.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 9(\ln x - x)^8 \left(\frac{1}{x} - 1\right)$

35.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2\ln x + \frac{2x+1}{x}$

38.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x\ln 7}$

41.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x \ln x + \frac{e^x}{x}$

3.  $y' = \frac{2}{x}$

6.  $y' = \frac{1}{x} + 2$

9.  $y' = \frac{5}{x}$

12.  $y' = 7 - \frac{3}{x}$

15.  $y' = \frac{1}{x-5} + \frac{1}{x+8}$

18.  $y' = \frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x+3}$

21.  $y' = \frac{3}{2(x+1)}$

24.  $y' = -\frac{5}{x}$

27.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \ln x - 2$

30.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x\ln x}$

33.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6(x^2 + \ln x)^5 (2x + \frac{1}{x})$

36.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 \ln(x+1) + \frac{x^3}{x+1}$

39.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{6x^2 + 1}{2\ln 10 \cdot x(2x^2 - 1)}$

42.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{2e^x}{e^{2x} - 1}$

The solutions to the equations are:

43.  $y = \ln x$

$y'' + (y')^2 = 2$

(½, -ln 2)

44.  $y = (\ln x)^2 = \ln^2 x$

$xy'' + y' = 1$

(2, ln² 2)

45.  $y = x\ln x$

$y'' + xy' - y = 2$

(1, 0)

46.  $y = x^2 \ln x$

$xy'' - y' = 8$

(4, 16ln 4)

47.  $y = (x+3)\ln x$

$xy'' + y' = 3$

(e, e+3)

48.  $y = \ln(x^2 - 1)$

$2(x^2 - 1)y'' + 5y' = 0$

(2, ln 3)

49.  $y = e^x \ln x$

$y'' - y' = 0$

(1, 0)

The equations of the tangents (in gradient-intercept form) are:

50.  $y = -\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$

51.  $y = 2x - e$

52.  $y = (e+1)x - 1$

The minimum values of the functions are:

53.  $y = 0$  (at  $x = 1$ )

54.  $y = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \ln 2)$  (at  $x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ )

55.  $y = 1$  (at  $x = 1$ )

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

# Trigonometric Functions

Differentiate with respect to x:

- |                                     |                                      |                                |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. $y = \tan x^2$                   | 2. $y = \tan^2 x$                    | 3. $y = \sin 3x$               |
| 4. $y = 2 \cos x$                   | 5. $y = \sin x \cos x$               | 6. $y = \sin x + 5 \cos x$     |
| 7. $y = \tan 2x$                    | 8. $y = x \sin x$                    | 9. $y = \sin 2x \tan 3x$       |
| 10. $y = \frac{\sin x}{x}$          | 11. $y = \frac{x}{\cos x}$           | 12. $y = \frac{\sin x}{x^2}$   |
| 13. $y = \sin(x + \frac{\pi}{4})$   | 14. $y = x^2 + \tan \frac{x}{2}$     | 15. $y = \cos \frac{\pi x}{3}$ |
| 16. $y = \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x}$ | 17. $y = \frac{3x + 4}{\sin 5x}$     | 18. $y = x^2 \cos x$           |
| 19. $y = \sin x^3$                  | 20. $y = \cos^3 x$                   | 21. $y = x^3 \tan 8x$          |
| 22. $y = \sin^2 4x$                 | 23. $y = \cos(x^2 + 1)$              | 24. $y = \tan \pi x$           |
| 25. $y = \cos \sqrt{x}$             | 26. $y = \sqrt{\cos 2x}$             | 27. $y = \sin^4 \sqrt{x}$      |
| 28. $y = \tan^3 x$                  | 29. $y = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x$        | 30. $y = (\sin x + \cos x)^2$  |
| 31. $y = \tan(x^2 - 1)$             | 32. $y = \tan(\pi - x)$              | 33. $y = (2x + \tan 7x)^9$     |
| 34. $y = 7 \tan(x^2 + 5)$           | 35. $y = \sin(\cos x)$               | 36. $y = \cos(\sin x)$         |
| 37. $y = \sin x (1 + \cos x)$       | 38. $y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{\tan x}{x}}$ | 39. $y = \tan(\sqrt{\cos x})$  |

Calculate  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ :

- |                     |                        |                                  |
|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 40. $y = \cot x$    | 41. $y = \sec x$       | 42. $y = \operatorname{cosec} x$ |
| 43. $y = \sec^2 4x$ | 44. $y = \tan x^\circ$ | 45. $y = \sin 3x^\circ$          |
| 46. $y = \sin bx$   | 47. $y = \cos(bx + c)$ | 48. $y = \tan(ax^2 + c)$         |

Find the derivative of:

- |                           |                                 |                                |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 49. $y = e^x \sin x$      | 50. $m = e^{\sin w}$            | 51. $j = e^{-a} \cos a$        |
| 52. $p = e^{4r} \sin 2r$  | 53. $s = \sin(e^t + t)$         | 54. $b = \cos(\ln s)$          |
| 55. $k = \ln(\cos q)$     | 56. $c = \ln(\sin 2n)$          | 57. $f = \ln(\tan h^2)$        |
| 58. $l = \sin(1 - \ln v)$ | 59. $z = \frac{e^{4u}}{\tan u}$ | 60. $q = \frac{\sin m^2}{e^m}$ |

Find the equation of the tangent to the following curves at the point indicated):

- |                    |        |                         |  |                  |                                       |
|--------------------|--------|-------------------------|--|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 61. $y = x \cos x$ | (0, 0) | 62. $y = \sin x \tan x$ | $(\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}})$ | 63. $y = \sec x$ | $(\frac{\pi}{4}, \sqrt{2})$           |
| 64. $y = \sin x$   | (0,0)  | 65. $y = x + \tan x$    | (0, 0)                                 | 66. $y = \csc x$ | $(\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}})$ |

Find the (relative) minimum value(s) of each function (and their locations) in the domain  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ .

- |                        |                                    |                                    |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 67. $y = x + 2 \sin x$ | 68. $y = \sqrt{3} \sin x + \cos x$ | 69. $y = 2 \sec x + \tan x$        |
| 70. $y = \sin^2 x$     | 71. $y = \tan x - 2x$              | 72. $y = \cos x - \sqrt{3} \sin x$ |

# Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

## Answers

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| 1. $y' = 2x \sec^2 x^2$                                 | 2. $y' = 2 \tan x \sec^2 x$  | 3. $y' = 3 \cos 3x$   |
| 4. $y' = -2 \sin x$                                     | 5. $y' = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$  | 6. $y' = \cos x - 5 \sin x$                                     |
| 7. $y' = 2 \sec^2 2x$                                   | 8. $y' = \sin x + x \cos x$  | 9. $y' = 2 \cos 2x \tan 3x + 3 \sin 2x \sec^2 3x$               |
| 10. $y' = \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^2}$                | 11. $y' = \frac{\cos x + x \sin x}{\cos^2 x}$                                | 12. $y' = \frac{x \cos x - 2 \sin x}{x^3}$                      |
| 13. $y' = \cos(x + \frac{\pi}{4})$                      | 14. $y' = 2x + \frac{1}{2} \sec^2 \frac{x}{2}$                               | 15. $y' = -\frac{\pi}{3} \sin \frac{\pi x}{3}$                  |
| 16. $y' = -\frac{1}{1 + \sin x}$                        | 17. $y' = \frac{3 \sin 5x - 5(3x + 4) \cos 5x}{\sin^2 5x}$                   | 18. $y' = 2x \cos x - x^2 \sin x$                               |
| 19. $y' = 3x^2 \cos x^3$                                | 20. $y' = -3 \sin x \cos^2 x$  | 21. $y' = 3x^2 \tan 8x + 8x^3 \sec^2 8x$                        |
| 22. $y' = 8 \sin 4x \cos 4x$                            | 23. $y' = -2x \sin(x^2 + 1)$   | 24. $y' = \pi \sec^2 \pi x$                                     |
| 25. $y' = -\frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}}$             | 26. $y' = -\frac{\sin 2x}{\sqrt{\cos 2x}}$                                   | 27. $y' = \frac{2 \sin^3 \sqrt{x} \cos \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$     |
| 28. $y' = 3 \tan^2 x \sec^2 x$                          | 29. $y' = 0$   | 30. $y' = 2(\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x)$                               |
| 31. $y' = 2x \sec^2(x^2 - 1)$                           | 32. $y' = -\sec^2(\pi - x)$  | 33. $y' = \frac{9(2x + \tan 7x)^8}{(2 + 7 \sec^2 7x)}$          |
| 34. $y' = 14x \sec^2(x^2 + 5)$                          | 35. $y' = -\sin x \cdot \cos(\cos x)$  | 36. $y' = -\cos x \cdot \sin(\sin x)$                           |
| 37. $y' = \cos x + \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$                 | 38. $y' = \frac{x \sec^2 x - \tan x}{3x^{\frac{4}{3}} \tan^{\frac{2}{3}} x}$ | 39. $y' = -\frac{\sin x \sec^2(\sqrt{\cos x})}{2\sqrt{\cos x}}$ |
| 40. $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\csc^2 x$                         | 41. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \tan x \sec x$  | 42. $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\cot x \operatorname{cosec} x$            |
| 43. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 8 \tan 4x \sec^2 4x$               | 44. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\pi}{180} \sec^2 x^\circ$                         | 45. $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\pi}{180} \cos 3x^\circ$             |
| 46. $\frac{dy}{dx} = b \cos bx$                         | 47. $\frac{dy}{dx} = -b \sin(bx + c)$  | 48. $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2ax \sec^2(ax^2 + c)$                      |
| 49. $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x (\sin x + \cos x)$             | 50. $\frac{dm}{dw} = \cos w e^{\sin w}$                                      | 51. $\frac{dj}{da} = -\frac{\sin a + \cos a}{e^a}$              |
| 52. $\frac{dp}{dr} = 4e^{4r} \sin 2r + 2e^{4r} \cos 2r$ | 53. $\frac{ds}{dt} = (e^t + 1) \cos(e^t + t)$                                | 54. $\frac{db}{ds} = -\frac{\sin(\ln s)}{s}$                    |
| 55. $\frac{dk}{dq} = -\tan q$                           | 56. $\frac{dc}{dn} = 2 \cot 2n$  | 57. $\frac{df}{dh} = \frac{2h}{\cos h^2 \sin h^2}$              |
| 58. $\frac{dl}{dv} = -\frac{\cos(1 - \ln v)}{v}$        | 59. $\frac{dz}{du} = e^{4u} (4 \cot u - \csc^2 u)$                           | 60. $\frac{dq}{dm} = \frac{2m \cos m^2 - \sin m^2}{e^m}$        |

The equations of the tangents (in gradient-intercept form) are:

- |             |  |   |
|-------------|--|---|
| 61. $y = x$ | 62. $y = \frac{7x}{6} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} - \frac{7\pi}{36}$ | 63. $y = \sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{4}$        |
| 64. $y = x$ | 65. $y = 2x$   | 66. $y = -\frac{2x}{3} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2\pi}{9}$ |

The (relative) minimum values of the functions are:

- |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| 67. $y = \frac{4\pi}{3} - \sqrt{3}$ (at $x = \frac{4\pi}{3}$ ) | 68. $y = -2$ (at $x = \frac{4\pi}{3}$ )  | 69. $y = \sqrt{3}$ (at $x = \frac{11\pi}{6}$ ) |
| 70. $y = 0$ (at $x = 0, \pi, 2\pi$ )                           | 71. $y = 1 - \frac{\pi}{2}$ (at $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ ) and<br>$y = 1 - \frac{5\pi}{2}$ (at $x = \frac{5\pi}{4}$ ) | 72. $y = -2$ (at $x = \frac{2\pi}{3}$ )        |

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

Differentiate mentally without simplification

$$7. \quad (3x - 2)(5x + 7)$$

$$8. \quad (4 - x^2)(3x + 5)$$

$$9. \quad (5x - 2)(x - 3)$$

$$10. \quad (5x - 2)(x - 1)$$

$$11. \quad (x^2 - 1)(x + 7)$$

$$12. \quad (x^4 + 8)(6 - 5x)$$

$$13. \quad (2x + 9)(x^2 - 4)$$

$$14. \quad (3x + 5)(8x - 1)$$

$$15. \quad (9x^2 - 5)(3x - 8)$$

$$16. \quad 5x^2(3x - 8)$$

$$17. \quad 4x^5(2x^2 - 5x + 3)$$

$$18. \quad (x^2 - 7x + 1)(3x - 4)$$

$$19. \quad (5x^3 + 2)(4x - x^3)$$

$$20. \quad (x^2 + 3x + 1)(x^3 - 4x + 5)$$

$$21. \quad (x^{100} - 5)(5x^8 - 11x + 1)$$

## Differentiation Rules ... Set 2

### Answers

#### Mental Calculations

7.  $3(5x + 7) + (3x - 2)5$

8.  $-2x(3x + 5) + (4 - x^2)3$

9.  $5(x - 3) + (5x - 2)1$

10.  $5(x - 1) + (5x - 2)1$

11.  $2x(x + 7) + (x^2 - 1)1$

12.  $4x^3(6 - 5x) + (x^4 + 8)(-5)$

13.  $2(x^2 - 4) + (2x + 9)(2x)$

14.  $3(8x - 1) + (3x + 5)8$

15.  $18x(3x - 8) + (9x^2 - 5)3$

16.  $10x(3x - 8) + 5x^2(3)$

17.  $20x^4(2x^2 - 5x + 3) + 4x^5(4x - 5)$

18.  $(2x - 7)(3x - 4) + (x^2 - 7x + 1)3$

19.  $15x^2(4x - x^3) + (5x^3 + 2)(4 - 3x^2)$

20.  $(2x + 3)(x^3 - 4x + 5) + (x^2 + 3x + 1)(3x^2 - 4)$

21.  $100x^{99}(5x^8 - 11x + 1) + (x^{100} - 5)(40x^7 - 11)$