Topics covered

- 1. Simplification of algebraic expressions
- 2. Solving equations and inequalities
- 3. Working with functions: Graphing functions, composition of functions, the inverse of a function, etc.
- 4. Familiar families of functions: Lines, parabolas, exponential functions, logarithmic functions, trigonometric functions and basic trigonometric identities.
- 5. Measurements: area, perimeter, volume, and other quantities

- 1. $(8)^{1/3}(81)^{-1/4} =$
 - (A)6
 - $(B)\frac{3}{2}$
 - $(C)(648)^{-1/12}$
 - $(D)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
- 2. If you know that 2^{12} is approximately 4,000, then which of the following is the best approximation for 2^{24} ?
 - (A)8,000
 - (B) 16,000
 - (C) 4×10^{6}
 - (D) 1.6×10^7
- 3. If $\log_4(x+3) = 2$, then x =
 - (A)-1
 - (B) 13
 - (C)5
 - (D)3
- 4. The line y = x + 1 and the parabola $y = 2x^2$ intersect when x = 1 and when x = 1
 - $(A)\frac{1}{2}$
 - $(B)\!-\!\tfrac{1}{2}$
 - (C) 2
 - (D) 2
- 5. The inequality $|x-3| \le 4$ is equivalent to
 - $(A)x \le 7$
 - (B) $x \le -1$
 - ${\rm (C)}\,{-}1 \le x \le 7$
 - $(D) 7 \le x \le -7$
- 6. Which of the following is a solution of $\log_2(x+1) \log_2(x-2) = 2$?
 - (A)x = 0
 - (B) x = 1
 - (C)x = 2
 - (D)x = 3

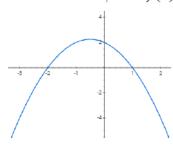
7. If f(x) is a function whose graph is shown below, then f(x) > 0 whenever



(B)
$$x > 0$$

$$(C) - 2 < x < 1$$

(D)
$$x < -2 \text{ or } x > 1$$



8. Which of the following is an equation of a line that passes through the points (1, -3) and (3, 2)?

(A)
$$y - 2 = \frac{2}{5}(x - 3)$$

(B)
$$y + 2 = \frac{5}{2}(x + 3)$$

(C)
$$y - 3 = \frac{2}{5}(x + 1)$$

(D)
$$y + 3 = \frac{5}{2}(x - 1)$$

9. If $f(x) = \frac{x^2-5}{x+5}$, then f(a+2) =

$$(A)a-3$$

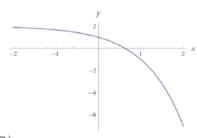
(B)
$$\frac{a^2+4a-1}{a+7}$$

$$(C)\frac{a^2-1}{a+7}$$

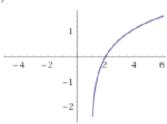
$$(D) - \frac{1}{7}$$

10. Which of the graphs below could be a sketch of $f(x) = -3^x + 2$?

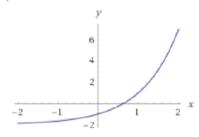
(A)



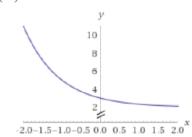
(C)



(B)

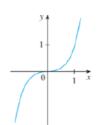


(D)

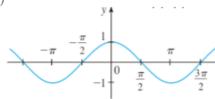


11. A function f is called even if f(-x) = f(x). Which of the functions shown below is even?

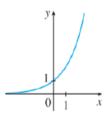
(A)



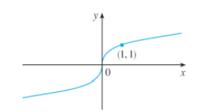
(C)



(B)



(D)



12. The line y = 3x - 5 is perpendicular to

$$(A)y = -3x - 5$$

$$(B) x + 3y = 6$$

(C)
$$4y - 12x = 5$$

(D)
$$y = 3x + 2$$

13. If $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1}$, then the inverse function $f^{-1}(x) =$

(A)
$$(x - 1)^3$$

(B) $x^3 + 1$

(B)
$$x^3 + 1$$

(C)
$$(x-1)^{-1/3}$$

(D)
$$x^3 - 1$$

14. If $f(x) = x^2$ and g(x) = 3x + 1, then the composition $(f \circ g)(x) =$

$$(A) 3x^2 + 1$$

(B)
$$3x^3 + x^2$$

(C)
$$9x^2 + 1$$

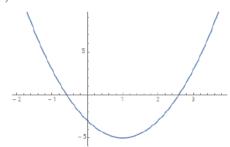
(D)
$$9x^2 + 6x + 1$$

15. A population starts with 100 individuals and doubles in size every 5 years. How many individuals will there be in 25 years?

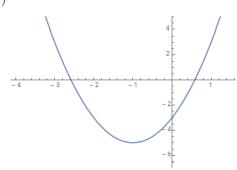
$$(D) 100^5$$

16. Which of the following graphs represents the graph of $y = 2x^2 - 4x - 3$?

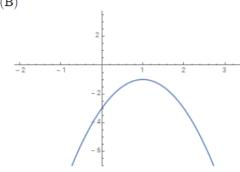
(A)



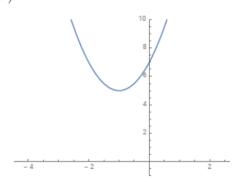
(C)



(B)



(D)



- 17. If $f(x) = \cos 3x$, then $f(\pi/6) =$

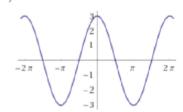
 - (A) 0 (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ (C) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (D) 1
- 18. $\sec\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right) =$
 - $(A)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ (B) 2

 - $(C) \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ (D) 2
- 19. For which value of x is $\tan x$ not defined?
 - $(A)^{\pi}/_4$

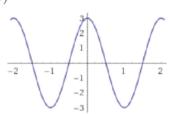
 - (B) π (C) $-\pi/2$ (D) $\pi/3$

20. Which of the following is a graph of $y = 3\cos(\pi x)$?

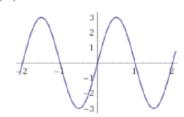
(A)



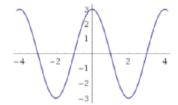
(C)



(B)



(D)



- 21. $\sin^2 \theta \cot \theta \sec \theta =$
 - $(A)\sin\theta$
 - $(B)\cos\theta$
 - (C) $\sin \theta \cot \theta$
 - (D) $\sin \theta \cot^2 \theta$
- 22. $\cos^2 \theta 1 =$
 - $(A)\sin\theta$
 - (B) $\cos 2\theta$
 - (C) $\sin^2 \theta$
 - (D) $-\sin^2\theta$
- 23. $tan^{-1} 1 =$
 - $(A)^{\pi}/_4$
 - (B) $\pi/2$
 - (C)0
 - $(D)\pi$
- 24. If the sides of a cube increase by a factor of 2, then the volume of the cube increases by a factor of
 - (A)2
 - (B)6
 - (C)8
 - (D) Not enough information to tell.

Answers

- 1. D
- 2. D
- 3. B
- 4. B
- 5. C
- 6. D
- 7. C
- 8. D
- 9. B
- 10. A
- 11. C
- 12. B
- 13. B
- 14. D
- 15. A
- 16. A
- 17. A
- 18. B
- 19. C
- 20. C
- 21. A
- 22. D
- 23. A
- 24. C