

Natural Logarithms ... Set 3

Solving Natural Log Equations

Expand each logarithm.

$$1) \ln \left(\frac{8^5}{7} \right)^4$$

$$2) \ln (c\sqrt{a \cdot b})$$

$$3) \ln (uv^6)^5$$

$$4) \ln (x \cdot y \cdot z^6)$$

Condense each expression to a single logarithm.

$$5) 25 \ln 5 - 5 \ln 11$$

$$6) 5 \ln x + 6 \ln y$$

$$7) \frac{\ln 5}{2} + \frac{\ln 6}{2} + \frac{\ln 7}{2}$$

$$8) 20 \ln a - 4 \ln b$$

Use a calculator to approximate each to the nearest thousandth.

$$9) \ln 39$$

$$10) \ln 2.2$$

$$11) \ln 21$$

$$12) \ln 3.4$$

Solve each equation. Round your final answer to the nearest thousandth.

$$13) \ln (7 - p) = \ln (-5p - 1)$$

$$14) \ln -2x = \ln (3x + 10)$$

$$15) \ln 8 - \ln (x + 4) = 1$$

$$16) \ln (x + 1) - \ln x = 5$$

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Answers

Expand each logarithm.

1) $\ln \left(\frac{8^5}{7} \right)^4$
 $20 \ln 8 - 4 \ln 7$

2) $\ln(c\sqrt{ab})$
 $\ln c + \frac{\ln a}{2} + \frac{\ln b}{2}$

3) $\ln(uv^6)^5$
 $5 \ln u + 30 \ln v$

4) $\ln(x \cdot y \cdot z^6)$
 $\ln x + \ln y + 6 \ln z$

Condense each expression to a single logarithm.

5) $25 \ln 5 - 5 \ln 11$

$$\ln \frac{5^{25}}{11^5}$$

6) $5 \ln x + 6 \ln y$

$$\ln(y^6 x^5)$$

7) $\frac{\ln 5}{2} + \frac{\ln 6}{2} + \frac{\ln 7}{2}$

$$\ln \sqrt{210}$$

8) $20 \ln a - 4 \ln b$

$$\ln \frac{a^{20}}{b^4}$$

Use a calculator to approximate each to the nearest thousandth.

9) $\ln 39$

3.664

10) $\ln 2.2$

0.788

11) $\ln 21$

3.045

12) $\ln 3.4$

1.224

Solve each equation. Round your final answer to the nearest thousandth.

13) $\ln(7-p) = \ln(-5p-1)$

{-2}

14) $\ln -2x = \ln(3x+10)$

{-2}

15) $\ln 8 - \ln(x+4) = 1$

$$\left\{ \frac{8-4e}{e} \right\}$$

16) $\ln(x+1) - \ln x = 5 \quad \left\{ -\frac{1}{1-e^5} \right\}$

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$$17) \ln(x+8) - \ln 7 = 3$$

$$18) \ln 10 + \ln(5x-2) = 3$$

$$19) \ln(-4x-4) - \ln 3 = 3$$

$$20) \ln 3 + \ln(2x^2 + 4) = \ln 12$$

$$21) \ln(2x^2 - 2) - \ln 9 = \ln 80$$

$$22) \ln(-3 + 3n) = \ln(n^2 - n)$$

Solve each equation. Round your answers to the nearest thousandth.

$$23) -8e^{-p} = -49$$

$$24) 2e^{8x} = 45$$

$$25) e^{-4x} + 8 = 35$$

$$26) e^{3r} + 4 = 59$$

$$27) 3e^{-b} = 56$$

$$28) -9.3e^{10b} = -67$$

$$29) 4e^{r+5} = 29$$

$$30) 6e^{-10r} = 63$$

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Answers

$$17) \ln(x+8) - \ln 7 = 3 \\ \{7e^3 - 8\}$$

$$18) \ln 10 + \ln(5x-2) = 3 \\ \left\{ \frac{e^3 + 20}{50} \right\}$$

$$19) \ln(-4x-4) - \ln 3 = 3 \\ \left\{ \frac{-3e^3 - 4}{4} \right\}$$

$$20) \ln 3 + \ln(2x^2 + 4) = \ln 12 \\ \{0\}$$

$$21) \ln(2x^2 - 2) - \ln 9 = \ln 80 \\ \{19, -19\}$$

$$22) \ln(-3 + 3n) = \ln(n^2 - n) \\ \{3\}$$

Solve each equation. Round your answers to the nearest thousandth.

$$23) -8e^{-p} = -49 \\ -1.8124$$

$$24) 2e^{8x} = 45 \\ 0.3892$$

$$25) e^{-4x} + 8 = 35 \\ -0.824$$

$$26) e^{3r} + 4 = 59 \\ 1.3358$$

$$27) 3e^{-b} = 56 \\ -2.9267$$

$$28) -9.3e^{10b} = -67 \\ 0.1975$$

$$29) 4e^{r+5} = 29 \\ -3.019$$

$$30) 6e^{-10r} = 63 \\ -0.2351$$