PROBABILITY RULES

◆Complement Rule: P(E') = 1 - P(E)

♦ Addition Rule for OR (Union U) Events: $P(E \cup F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E \cap F)$

P(E OR F) = P(E) + P(F) - P(E AND F)

IF AND ONLY IF events are MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE: P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B)

♦ Multiplication Rule for AND (Intersection ∩) Events: P(E and F) = P(E | F) P(F)

 $P(E \cap F) = P(E \mid F) P(F)$

IF AND ONLY IF events are INDEPENDENT (Sect. 8.5) $P(E \text{ and } F) = P(E \cap F) = P(E) P(F)$

◆Conditional Probability Rule: P(A|B) = P(A ∩ B) = P(A AND B) ("given that", "if") P(B)

EXAMPLE 17: CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY RULE

In a certain town: 70% of households have Cable TV (event C)

55% of households have Netflix (event N)

These figures include the fact that 42% of households subscribe to both.

a. Find the probability that a household subscribes to Netflix **given that** the household has Cable TV

b. Find the probability that a household has Cable TV if the household subscribes to Netflix

EXAMPLE 18: Multiplication Rule for ∩ AND Events

At a college: 45% of all students take Statistics.

70% of all students intend to Transfer.

Of the students who intend to Transfer, 60% of them take Statistics.

Find the probability that a student intends to Transfer AND takes Statistics.

EXAMPLE 19: Multiplication Rule for ∩ AND Events

At a fast food restaurant: 75% of customers order burgers (event B)

70% of customers order fries (event F)

Of the customers who order burgers, 80% also order fries.

Find the probability that a customer orders both a burger and fries.

EXAMPLE 20: OPTIONAL EXTRA PRACTICE: Multiplication Rule for ∩ AND Events

(Hint: Read carefully to understand information given in the "story")

For job listings on a job posting website: 30% require professional certification (event C)

65% require a college degree (event D)

50% require 5+ years of related job experience (event E)

14% of job listings requiring a college degree also require professional certification.

Find the probability that a job requires both professional certification and a college degree.

EXAMPLE 21: OPTIONAL EXTRA PRACTICE: CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY RULE

Big Shoe Wearhouse is concerned about customer satisfaction with online purchases.

40% of all shoe sales are online on their website. 60% of all shoe sales are in their stores. Overall, 15% of all shoe purchases are returned. 10% of all shoe purchases were made on the website **and** were returned.

Events: S = purchased in store W = purchased on website R = item is returned

a. Find the probability that a shoe purchase was made on the website **given that** it is returned.

b. Find the probability that a shoe purchase is returned if it was purchased on the website